

# OTC Modeling Committee Update

## 2026 OTC/MANEVU Annual Meeting

### June 2-3, 2026

## OTC Modeling Committee

Chairs, Eric Zalewsky and Ruby Tian, NYS DEC  
Committee Lead, Alexandra Karambelas, OTC/NESCAUM

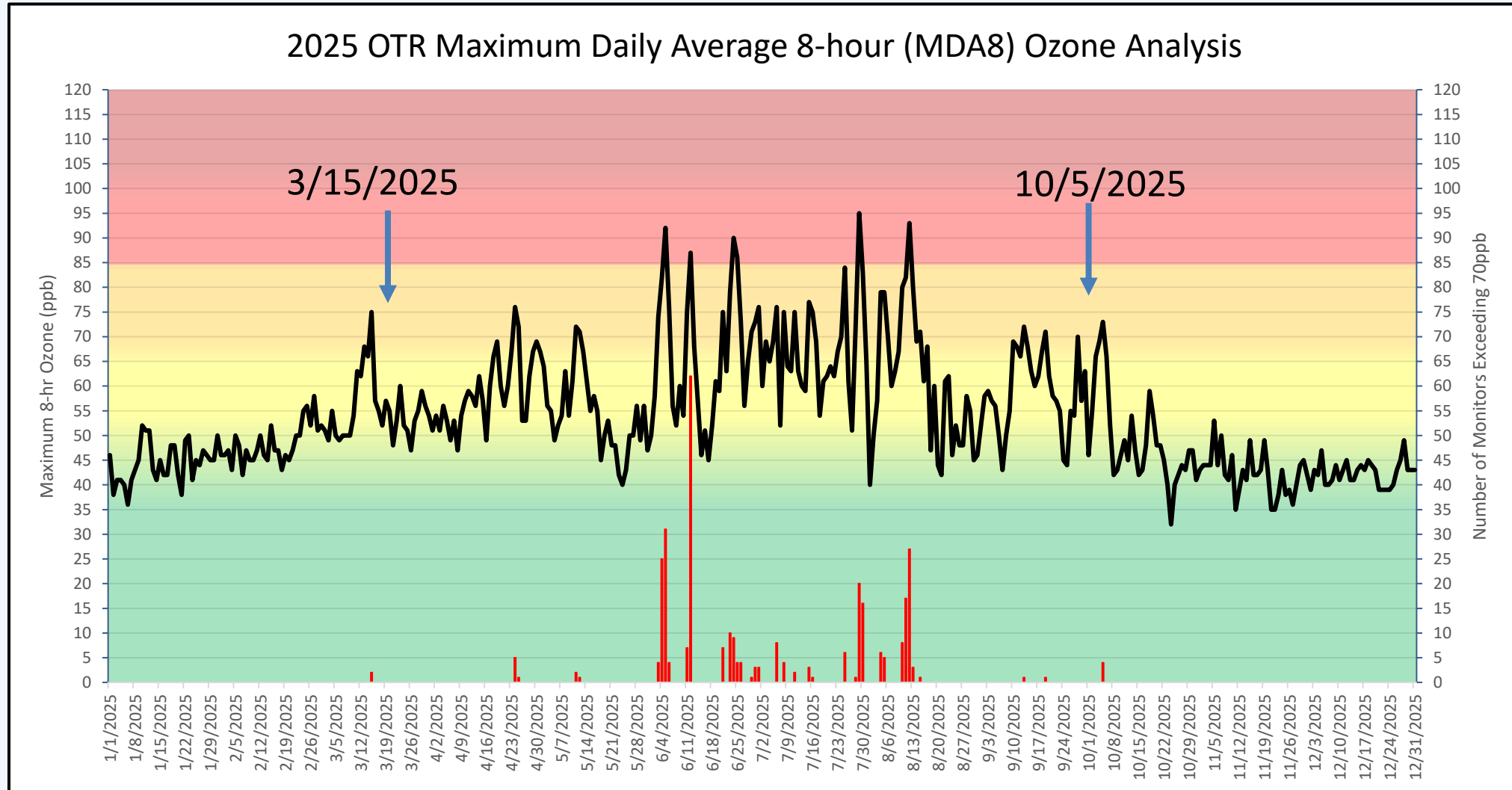


# OZONE TRANSPORT COMMISSION

# Announcements/Accomplishments

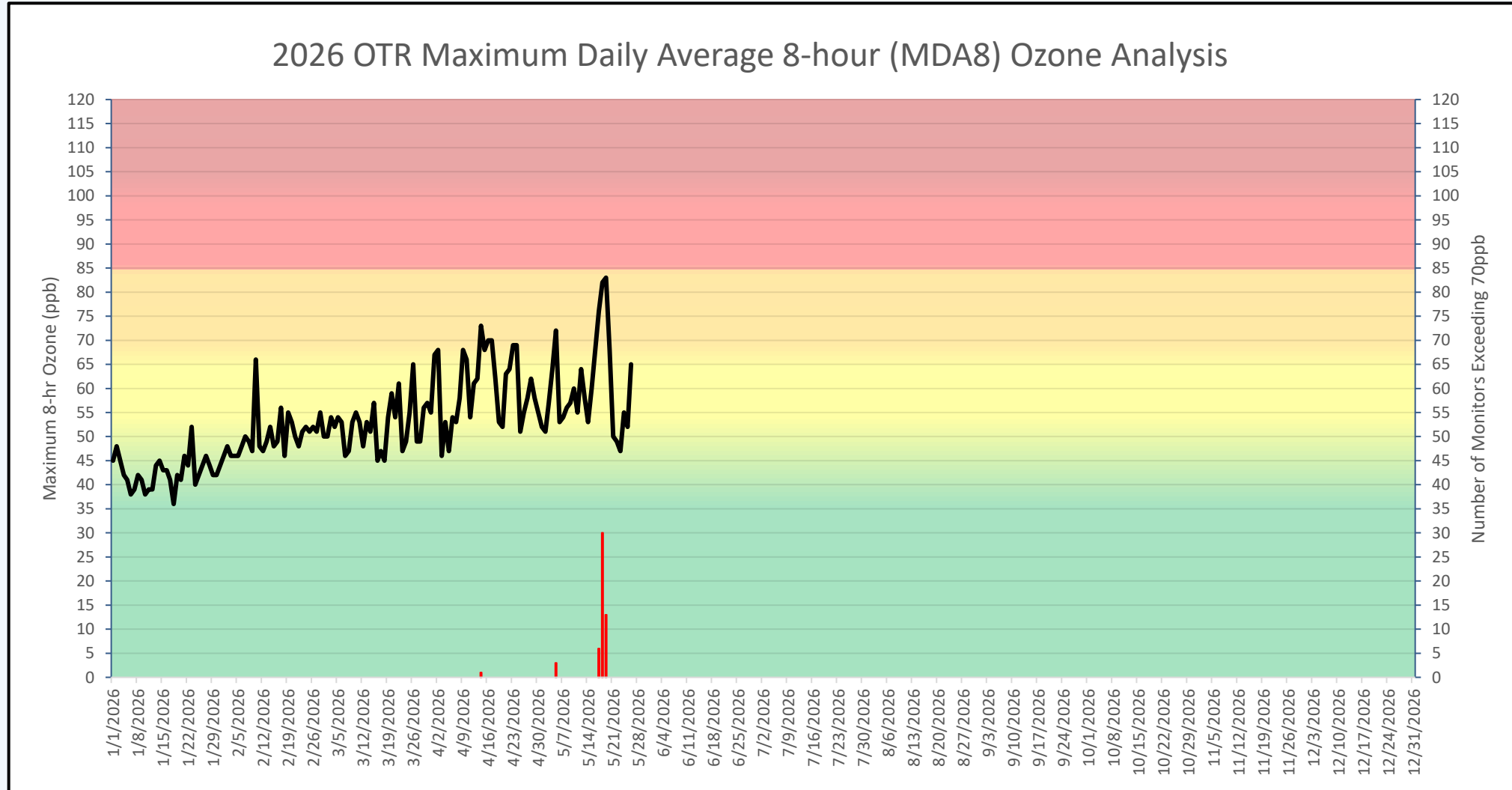
- 2026 (2022v1) DVFs are available
- Tracked current OTR O<sub>3</sub> levels and preliminary attainment status
- Completed study of model-projected vs observed MDA8 O<sub>3</sub> for 2016 platform
- Completed 2022 simulations with CMAQ using 2022v2 platform (Emissions Collaborative), with EPA EGU options
- Completed a series sensitivity tests

# 2025 Maximum Daily Average 8-hr Ozone in the OTR



OBS data prepared by Marcus Chase (NH DES)

# 2026 Maximum Daily Average 8-hr Ozone in the OTR



*OBS data prepared by Marcus Chase (NH DES) – data through 05/26/2026*

# 2025 Preliminary Monitored Ozone Design Values

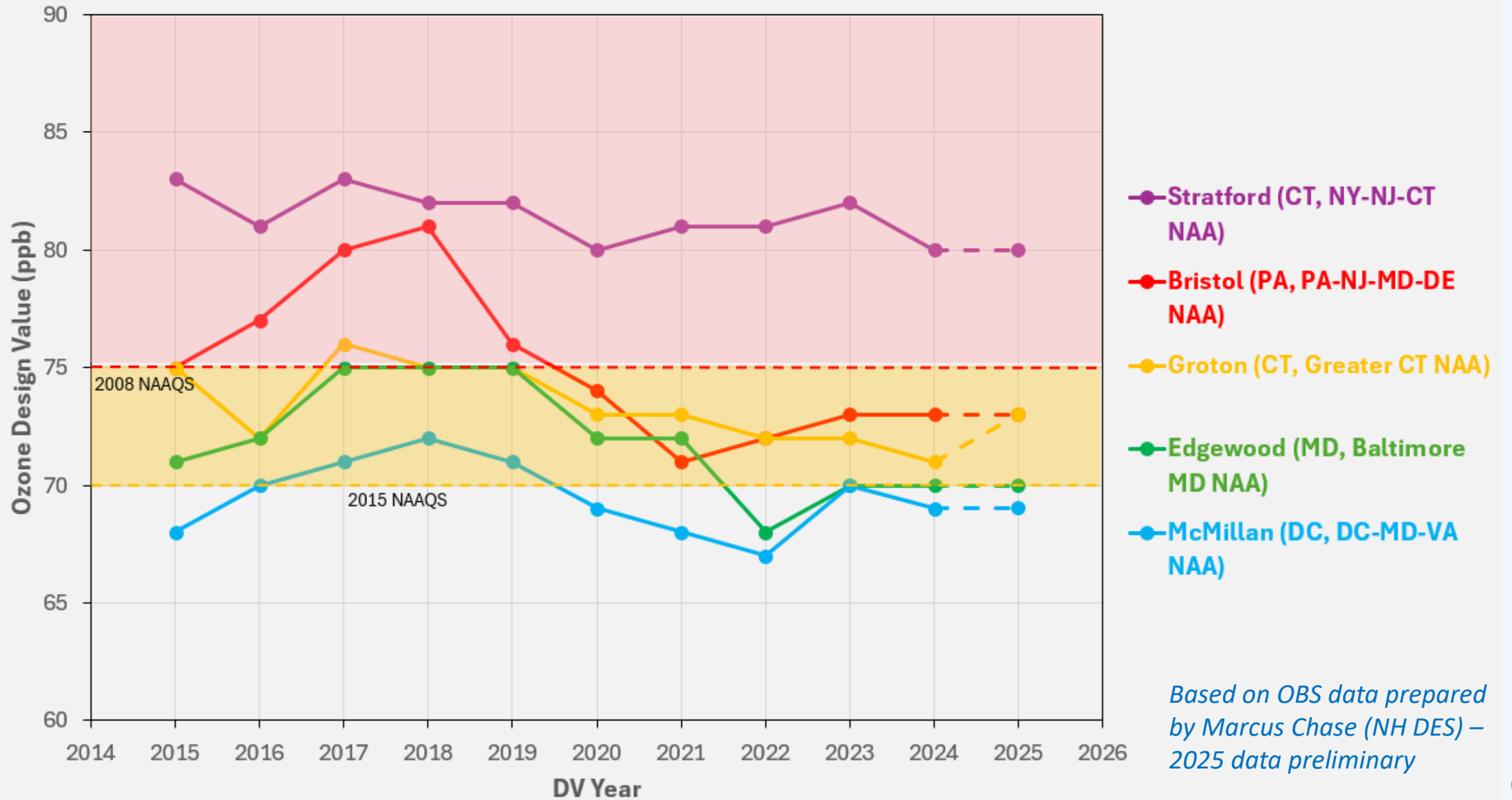
Monitors w/2025 DV in Violation of 2015 NAAQS			
Agency	Site	AQS Code	2025 DV (ppb)**
CT	Greenwich	90010017	79
CT	Danbury	90011123	77
CT	Stratford	90013007	80
CT	Westport	90019003	80
CT	East Hartford	90031003	73
CT	Middletown	90079007	75
CT	New Haven (Criscuolo Park)	90090027	71
CT	Madison	90099002	77
CT	Groton (Fort Griswold)	90110124	73
CT	Stafford	90131001	71
NJ	Leonia	340030006	73
NJ	East Greenwich (Clarksboro)	340150002	72*
NJ	Lawrence (Rider University)	340210005	72
NJ	Titusville (Wash. Crossing)	340219991	71*
NJ	Jackson (Colliers Mills)	340290006	71*
NY	NYC (Pfizer Lab)	360050133	71
NY	NYC (CCNY)	360610135	72
NY	NYC (Queens College)	360810124	71
NY	Rockland County	360870005	72
NY	Old Field (Flax Pond)	361030044	72
NY	White Plains	361192004	73
PA	Bristol	420170012	73
PA	Philadelphia (Northeast Waste)	421010048	73

\* NJ submitted Exceptional Event demonstrations for 2023 data due to wildfire smoke

\*\* All the exceeding monitors may be impacted by Canadian Wildfires in 2023, 2024 and 2025

*OBS data prepared by Marcus Chase (NH DES) – data are preliminary*

# Time Series of Monitored Ozone Design Values

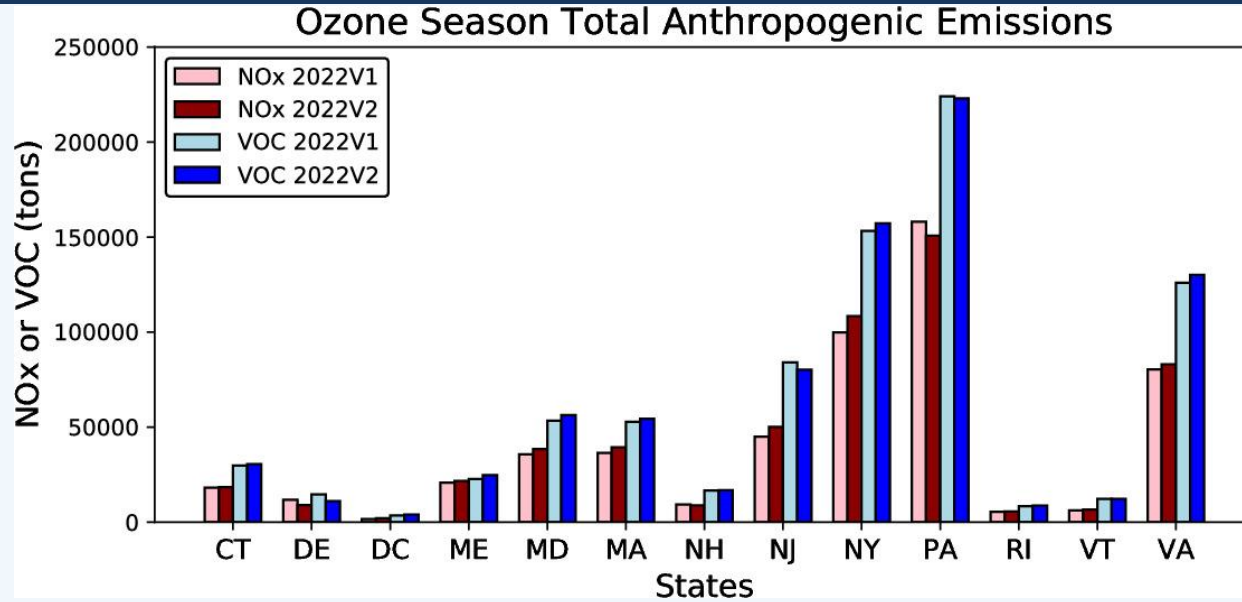


*Based on OBS data prepared by Marcus Chase (NH DES) – 2025 data preliminary*

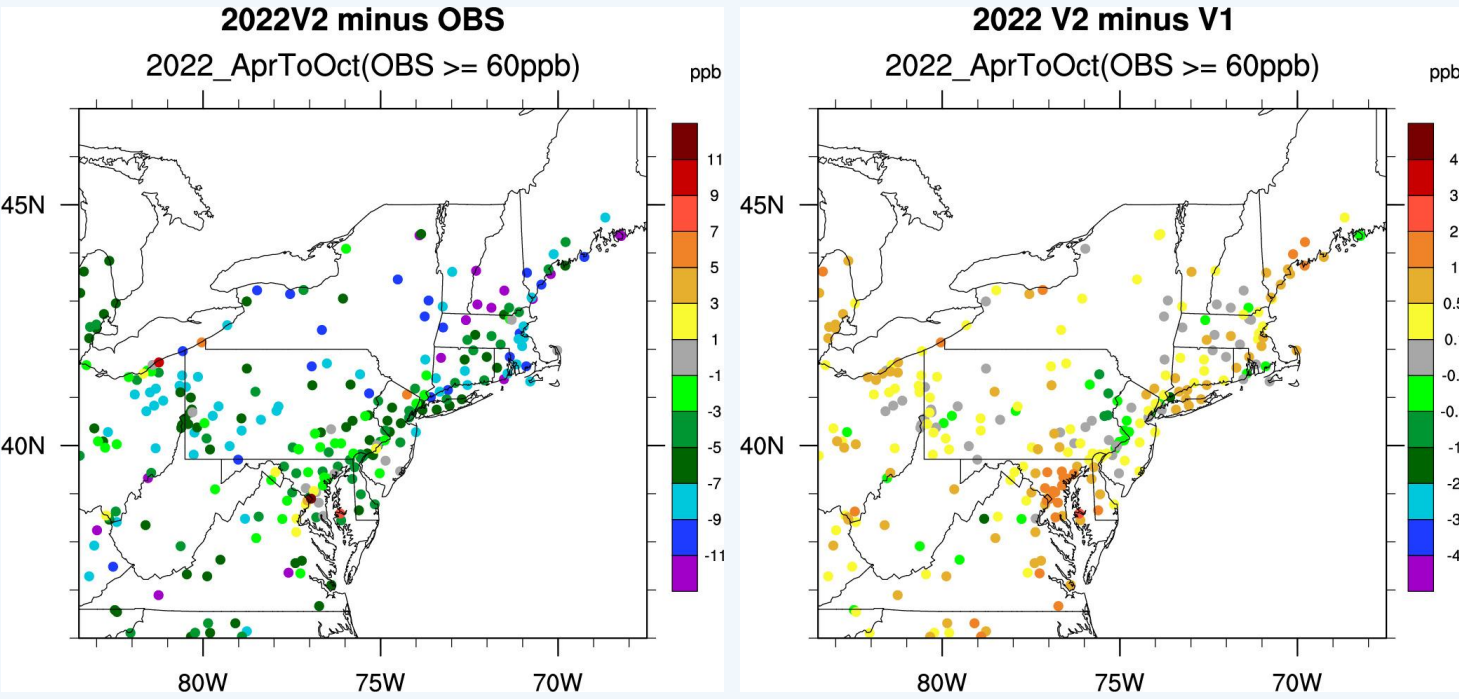
# VADEQ Reflections on 2016 platform

- Retrospective comparison of model-projected vs. observed MDA8 O<sub>3</sub> for analytic year 2023 at monitoring locations in the 12OTC2 modeling domain.
- The number of days that the MDA8 O<sub>3</sub> exceeded 70 ppb was used as the parameter for comparison.
- **98% of monitors** in the modeling domain have either an **equal number or a fewer number** of model-projected exceedances than observed exceedances (i.e., model underpredicted or too optimistic)
- **Meteorology, wildfire smoke, and EGU emissions were identified as main variables impacting the underprediction of the exceedance days**

# CMAQ Evaluation using 2022v2 platform with EPA EGU option



- Overall, NOx and VOC emissions in 2022v2 increased slightly when compared to 2022v1 for most of the OTR states.



- In the OTR, CMAQ underestimated O<sub>3</sub> on high O<sub>3</sub> days from both 2022v1 and 2022v2 platforms.
- The O<sub>3</sub> differences between 2022v2 and 2022v1 were small. On high O<sub>3</sub> days, 2022v2 platform improved O<sub>3</sub> simulations slightly in Eastern US compared to 2022v1 platform.

# CT DEEP Sensitivity Tests using CMAQ

**10%, 20% and 30% reductions in NO<sub>x</sub> or VOC from all anthropogenic sources in NY-NJ-CT nonattainment area for base year 2022 using 2022v1 platform:**

- The model located ozone plumes reasonably well but frequently underpredicted ozone exceedances at regional monitors by 10 or more ppb.
- Modeled reductions of 30% NO<sub>x</sub> in the NY-NJ-CT nonattainment area resulted in ozone reductions up to 4.8 ppb and provided the greatest reductions of all the scenarios run.
- NO<sub>x</sub> reductions of 20% were generally more favorable than VOC reductions of 20%, though VOC reductions may be more helpful in NO<sub>x</sub> rich areas closer to NYC.
- Adding 10% VOC reductions to the 20% NO<sub>x</sub> reductions generally decreased ozone concentrations and indicates that the current strategy of favoring NO<sub>x</sub> reductions, with some VOC reductions, is a reasonable approach.

# NYS DEC CMAQ Sensitivity Tests and Impacts on DVFs

**30% and 35% reduction in all emissions from all anthropogenic sources in the OTR for analytic year (AY) 2026 using the 2022v1 platform:**

Site ID	State	Name	2022-2024 Monitored DV [ppb]	Modeled DVFs for 2026 (3x3 No Water2, AVG) [ppb]	Modeled 2026 DVFs After Emission Reductions in the OTR			
					30% cut to all Anthro sectors in the OTR [ppb]	35% cut to all Anthro sectors in the OTR [ppb]	NOx 35% cut to all Anthro sectors in the OTR [ppb]	VOC 35% cut to all Anthro sectors in the OTR [ppb]
90013007	CT	Stratford	80	78.3	71.9	70.6	71.6	77.2
90019003	CT	Westport	80	78.1	71.8	70.6	71.5	77.0
90010017	CT	Greenwich	79	76	70.1	69.0	70.0	74.7
90099002	CT	Madison	76	75.1	69	67.9	68.6	74.3
90079007	CT	Middletown	74	71	65.1	64.0	64.4	70.6
361030002	NY	Babylon	72	71.6	66.2	65.2	66.3	70.4

\* DVFs for 2026 are based on 3x3 No Water2 method

# NYS DEC CMAQ Sensitivity Tests and Impacts on DVFs

Removal of emissions from various anthropogenic sectors in **the OTR for AY 2026** using the **2022v1 platform**:

Site ID	State	Name	2022-2024 Monitored DV [ppb]	Modeled DVFs for 2026 (3x3 No Water2, AVG) [ppb]	Sector Contributions to modeled 2026 DVFs			
					BC, biogenic, and states outside the OTR [ppb]	Onroad in the OTR [ppb]	Nonroad in the OTR [ppb]	All other sectors in the OTR [ppb]
90013007	CT	Stratford	80	78.3	46.2	10.0	8.0	14.1
90019003	CT	Westport	80	78.1	45.6	10.8	8.4	13.3
90010017	CT	Greenwich	79	76	44.1	10.8	8.2	12.9
90099002	CT	Madison	76	75.1	45.7	8.1	8.4	12.9
90079007	CT	Middletown	74	71	44.8	7.5	6.5	12.2
361030002	NY	Babylon	72	71.6	44.5	8.2	6.4	12.5

\* DVFs for 2026 are based on 3x3 No Water2 method

# Other Ongoing Initiatives

- Continue working with EPA, states, MJOs on 2022v2 modeling platform
- CMAQ modeling with ERTAC EGU 2022v2 Emissions Platform for base year
- CAMx modeling with EPA 2022v1 & v2 platforms for base year
- Continue evaluating updated model components/modules
- Work with other committees to accommodate modeling needs

# Key Messages

- EPA 2022v2 base year emissions platform is available, and EPA has recently indicated plans to work with the EIC to develop a 2032 analytic year (AY) inventory for v2, available in 2027.
- Regional base year modeling with the 2022v2 emissions platform has been completed.
- A series of emission reduction sensitivity tests showed that it is very unlikely for the OTR to reach ozone attainment without emission reductions in mobile sources.
- Non-attainment continues to be an issue in the OTR, and we will continue our cross-committee collaboration to develop emission reduction strategies.

# Thank you!

## Model Committee Chairs

- Eric Zalewsky and Ruby Tian, NYSDEC  
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## OTC Committee Lead

- Alexandra Karambelas, OTC/NESCAUM  
([akarambelas@nescalum.org](mailto:akarambelas@nescalum.org))

## Emissions Inventory Lead

- Susan McCusker, MARAMA ([smccusker@marama.org](mailto:smccusker@marama.org))

## O<sub>3</sub> Season Updates

- Marcus Chase, NHDES ([marcus.a.chase@des.nh.gov](mailto:marcus.a.chase@des.nh.gov))